

ABSTRAK

PERANAN MASJID AZIZI SEBAGAI PENINGGALAN SEJARAH KESULTANAN LANGKAT DI SUMATERA UTARA

RIMA TRIANI

EMAIL: rimat504@gmail.com

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendeskripsikan Sejarah yang terkandung pada Masjid Azizi, mendeskripsikan bangunan Masjid Azizi, dan mendeskripsikan perananan Masjid azizi dalam kehidupan Sosial dan ke agamaan Masyarakat langkat . Penelitian ini dilaksanakan didaerah TANJUNG PURA mulai dari bulan September 2024.

Jenis Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah metode kualitatif deskriptif. Data yang dikumpulkan di peroleh melalui observasi, wawancara mendalam dengan tokoh adat , anggota BKM masjid, dan masyarakat atau pengunjung, dan dokumentasi. Hasil yang di dapat pada penelitian ini adalah Masjid azizi didirikan oleh Sultan Abdul Aziz atas pesan ayahnya yakni Sultan Musa. Berdiri pada tanggal 13 Juni tahun 1902 M. eksterior bangunan Masjid Azizi ini di antaranya terdapat pagar (di bagian induk bangunan Masjid Azizi dan bagian halaman luar masjid), lapangan, parkir, makam, menara (bagian timur masjid), Balai Pustaka Tengku Amir Hamzah (bagian timur masjid), Kamar Mandi (selatan masjid) dan Bedug (di atas menara). Sedangkan bagian interior masjid terdapat pintu, jendela, pondasi, dinding, mimbar, atap/kubah, tiang, mihrab, lantai, lampu hias dan serambi. ornamen masjid Azizi sendiri banyak mengandung unsur ornamen hias Melayu, Gotik, Turki, Arab, Cina, Spanyol, dan Persia. Adapun peranan Masjid Azizi di Tengah masyarakat langkat sangat lah beragam seperti tempat beribadah dan dakwah , pusat Pendidikan agama, pusat kegiatan sosial masyarakat sekitar, pengembangan ekonomi Masyarakat sekitar

Kata Kunci : Masjid Azizi , Bangunan sejarah , Sejarah kesultanan Langkat

ABSTRACT

**ROLE OF AZIZI MOSQUE AS A HISTORICAL HERITAGE OF LANGKAT
SULTANATE IN NORTH SUMATERA**

RIMA TRIANI

EMAIL: rimat504@gmail.com

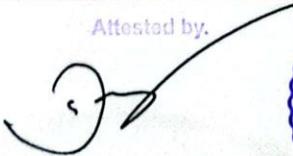
This study aims to describe the history which is contained in Azizi Mosque, describe the building of Azizi Mosque, and describe the role of Azizi Mosque in the social and religious life of Langkat community. This research was conducted in TANJUNG PURA area starting from September 2024.

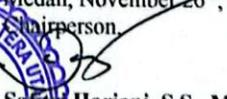
The type of research method used is a descriptive qualitative method. The data collected were obtained through observation, in-depth interviews with traditional figures, members of the mosque BKM, and the community or visitors, and documentation. The results obtained in this study are that Azizi Mosque was founded by Sultan Abdul Aziz on the message of his father, Sultan Musa. It was established on June 13, 1902 AD. The exterior of Azizi Mosque building includes a fence (in the main part of Azizi Mosque building and the outer courtyard of the mosque), field, parking area, tomb, tower (eastern part of the mosque), Balai Pustaka Tengku Amir Hamzah (eastern part of the mosque), Bathroom (south of the mosque) and Bedug (above the tower). While the interior of the mosque contains doors, windows, foundations, walls, pulpits, roofs/domes, pillars, mihrabs, floors, decorative lamps and porches. The ornaments of Azizi Mosque itself contain many elements of Malay, Gothic, Turkish, Arabic, Chinese, Spanish and Persian decorative ornaments. The role of Azizi Mosque in Langkat community is very diverse, such as a place of worship and preaching, a center for religious education, a center for social activities for the surrounding community, and economic development for the surrounding community.

Keywords: Azizi Mosque, Historical building, History of Langkat Sultanate

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 Safitri Hariani, S.S., M.S.



Safitri Hariani, SS.MS
Chairperson of Language Center UISU