

## **RINGKASAN**

Tanaman kakao (*Theobroma cacao L.*) merupakan tanaman perkebunan yang umumnya tumbuh di daerah tropis dan tersebar luas di wilayah Indonesia. Keberhasilan pengembangan kakao ditentukan oleh tersedianya bibit dalam jumlah yang cukup dan memperhatikan budidayanya dengan penyediaan bibit yang berkualitas.Untuk mendapatkan bibit yang berkualitas adalah melalui proses pembibitan.Penelitian ini menggunakan Rancangan Acak Kelompok (RAK) Faktorial dengan dua faktor, faktor pertama pemberian Eco Enzyme dengan 4 taraf yaitu 0 ml/1 air,10 ml/1 air, 20 ml/1 air dan 30 ml/1 air dan faktor kedua pemberian pupuk kandang dengan 3 taraf yaitu 0 g/tanaman, 250 g/tanaman dan 500 g/tanaman. Terdapat 12 kombinasi perlakuan yang diulang 3 kali menghasilkan 36 satuan percobaan. Parameter yang diukur adalah tinggi tanaman, diameter batang, jumlah daun dan luas daun. Data pengamatan dianalisis menggunakan Analisis Varian dan dilanjutkan dengan uji beda rataan menurut Duncan. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan pemberian Eco Enzyme dengan konsentrasi 30 ml/air dan Pupuk Kandang 500 g/tanaman memberikan pengaruh terbaik terhadap pertumbuhan bibit tanaman kakao.

Kata Kunci : Eco Enzyme, Kakao, Pupuk, Pemibitan

## SUMMARY

The cocoa plant (*Theobroma cacao L.*) is a plantation plant that generally grows in tropical areas and is widespread throughout Indonesia. The success of cocoa development is determined by the availability of seeds in sufficient quantities and paying attention to cultivation by providing quality seeds. To obtain quality seeds is through the nursery process. This research uses a Factorial Randomized Block Design with two factors, the first factor is the application of Eco Enzyme with 4 levels, namely 0 ml/l water, 10 ml/l water, 20 ml/l water and 30 ml/l water and the second factor is giving manure with 3 levels, namely 0 g/plant, 250 g/plant and 500 g/plant . There were 12 treatment combinations which were repeated 3 times to produce 36 experimental units. The parameters measured were plant height, stem diameter, number of leaves and leaf area. Observational data was analyzed using Variance Analysis and continued with the mean difference test according to Duncan. The research results showed that giving Eco Enzyme at a concentration of 30 ml/water and Manure 500 g/plant had the best effect on the growth of cocoa plant seeds.

Keywords : Eco Enzyme, Cacao, Fertilizer, Nursery